

SEE STEREO MEETING, HAMBURG

NEMO - 'Novel EIT wave Machine Observing'

so-called 'EIT Wave & Dimming Detector'.

Elena Podladchikova, David Berghmans, Frederic Clette

SIDC-Royal Observatory of Belgium



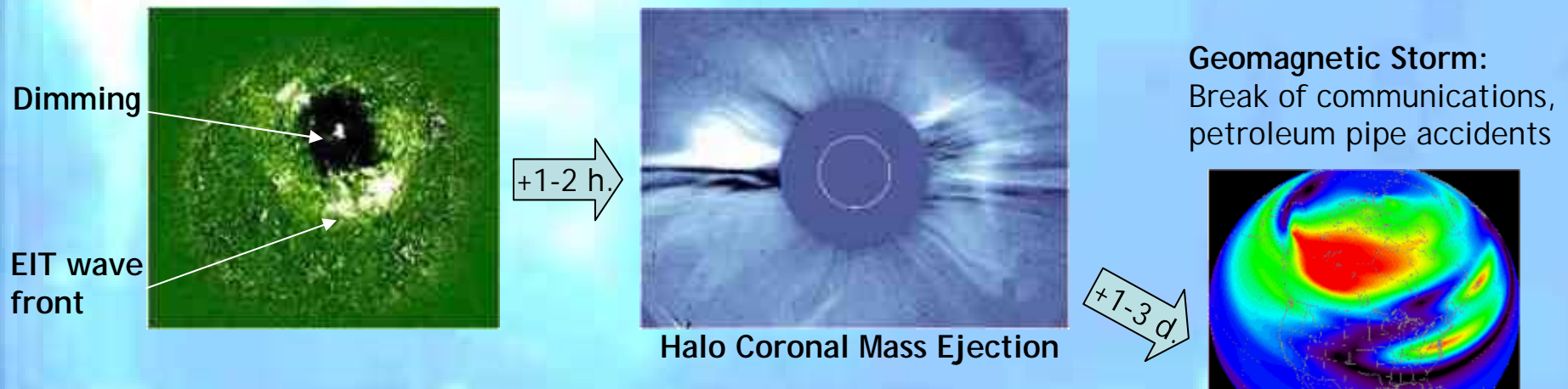
2 May, 2005



Our aim

Automatically detect from EUV solar image EIT wave and Dimmings for purposes of space weather forecasting

EIT Wave is the origin of Earth directed CME



Question

- ✘ How many variants of EIT waves do exist?

Our approach

- ✘ To study various properties of EIT waves observed by EIT/SOHO (CME WATCH PROGRAMM: spectral line 195 \AA ≈ 4 images/h.)

DETECTOR

version 1.00 in MATLAB 7

- **DETECTION of event occurrence**

- ✘ Higher order moments technique (applied to EUV image pixels distribution)
method to detect coherent large scale structure in white noise

- **DIMMING extraction from EUV image**

- ✘ Progressive Growth of intensive dimming region

- **EIT WAVE extraction from EUV image**

- ✘ Ring Analysis (for automatic calculation of radial velocity of the EIT wave)
- ✘ Angular-Ring Analysis (to quantify the angular rotation of EIT wave)



I
EIT Wave & Dimming Occurrence
Detection

Higher-order Moments

Centered moment of order k :

✖ experimental:
$$\mu_k = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \langle x \rangle)^k$$
 ✖ theoretical:
$$\mu_k = \int x^k \overbrace{p(x)}^{\text{PDF}(x)} dx$$

Measure of PDF

✖ asymmetry:

$$\gamma_1 = \frac{\mu_3}{\mu_2^{3/2}} \quad \text{- Skewness}$$

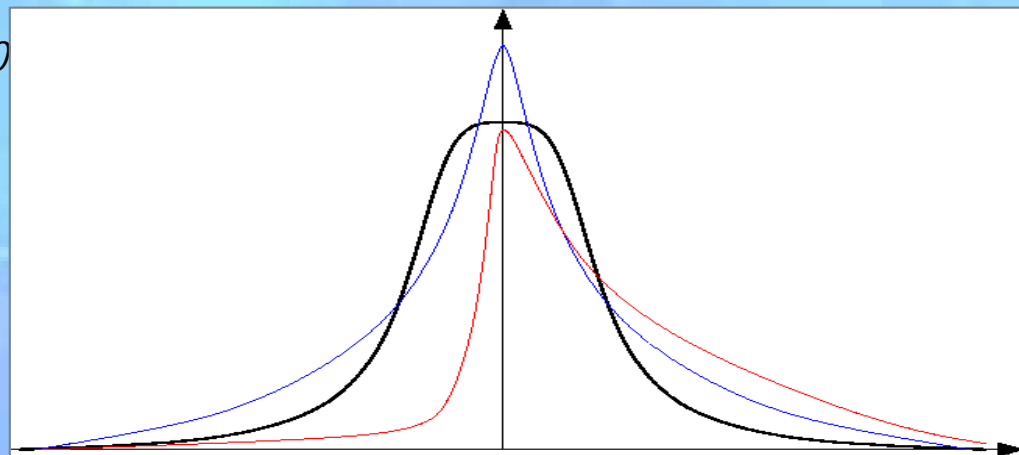
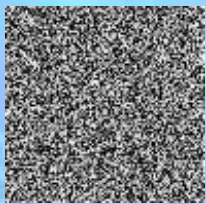
✖ flatness:

$$\gamma_2 = \frac{\mu_4}{\mu_2^2} - 3 \quad \text{- Kurtosis}$$

✖ $\gamma_1, \gamma_2 \gg 0$ computed for pixels distribution of EUV image could be indicators of large scale coherent structures:

for a Gaussian distribution $\gamma_1 = \gamma_2 = 0$

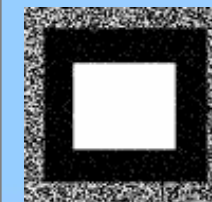
Gaussian: $\gamma_1 = \gamma_2 = 0$



$\gamma_1 = 0, \gamma_2 > 0$

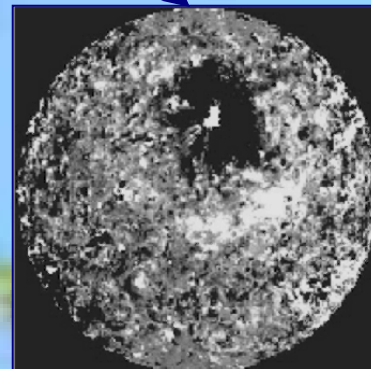
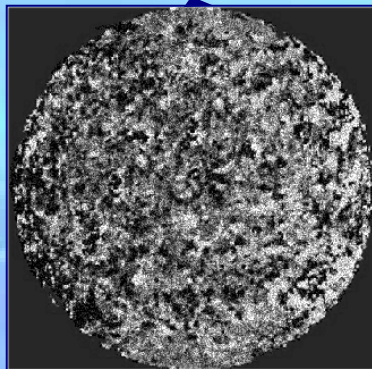
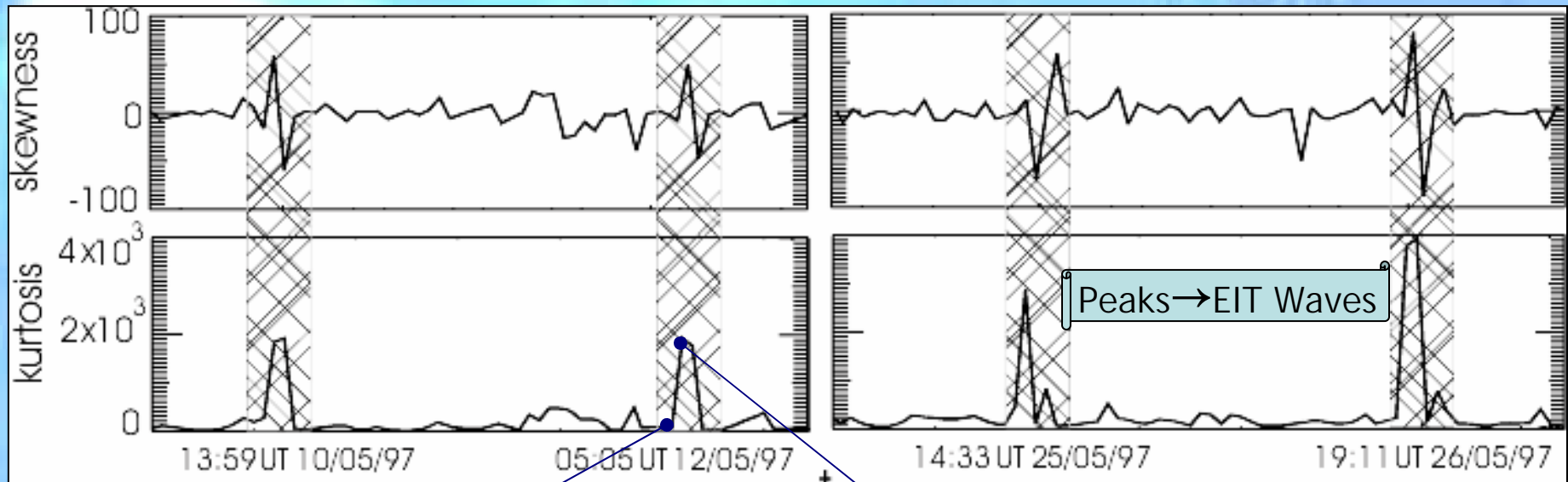


$\gamma_1 > 0, \gamma_2 > 0$



Higher-order moments could be indicators of Dimmings & EIT waves

Moments of running difference intensities





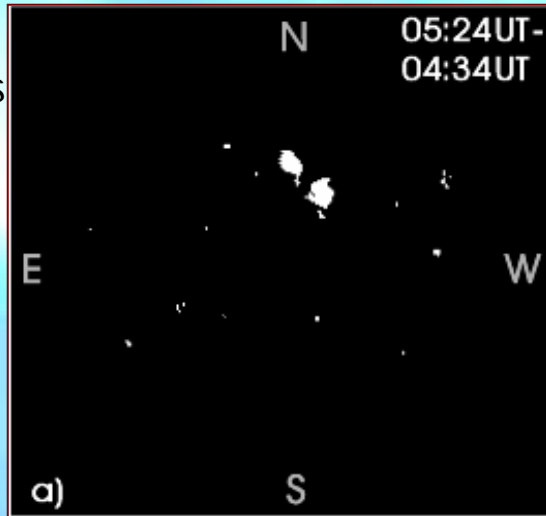
II Progressive Growth of Dimming

Progressive Growth of dimming

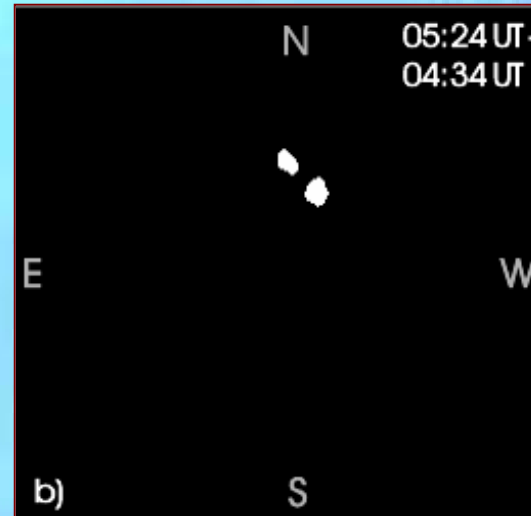
Hypothesis: dimming is simply connected large scale region of sudden decreased intensity of any form

● The subsequent steps of dimmings extraction (from the fixed difference EUV images)

✗ The deep core of the dimmings together with noise

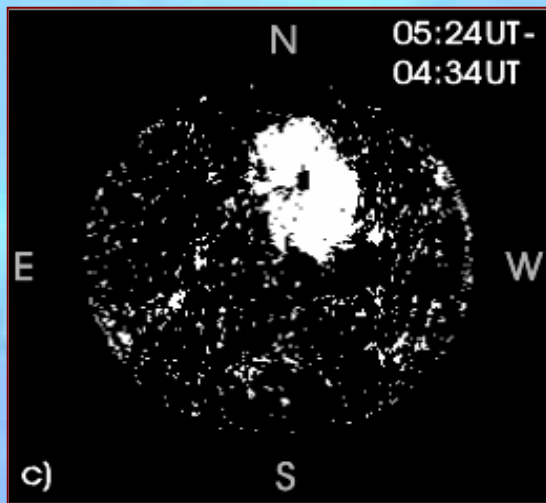


✗ Dimming core without noise



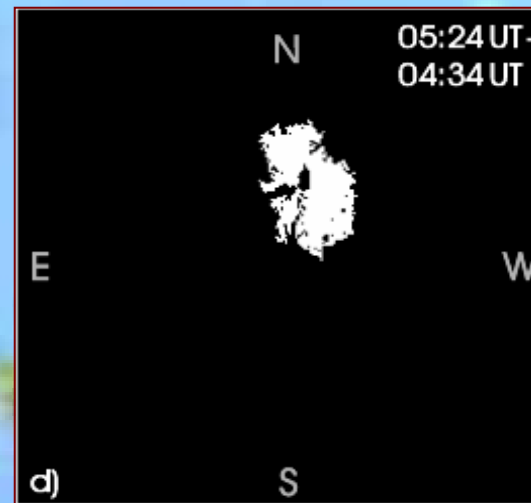
The basis for the dimming reconstruction

✗ All regions of negative intensity



✗ Full dimming

Growth is done by the adding to deep dimming all negative neighbor pixels

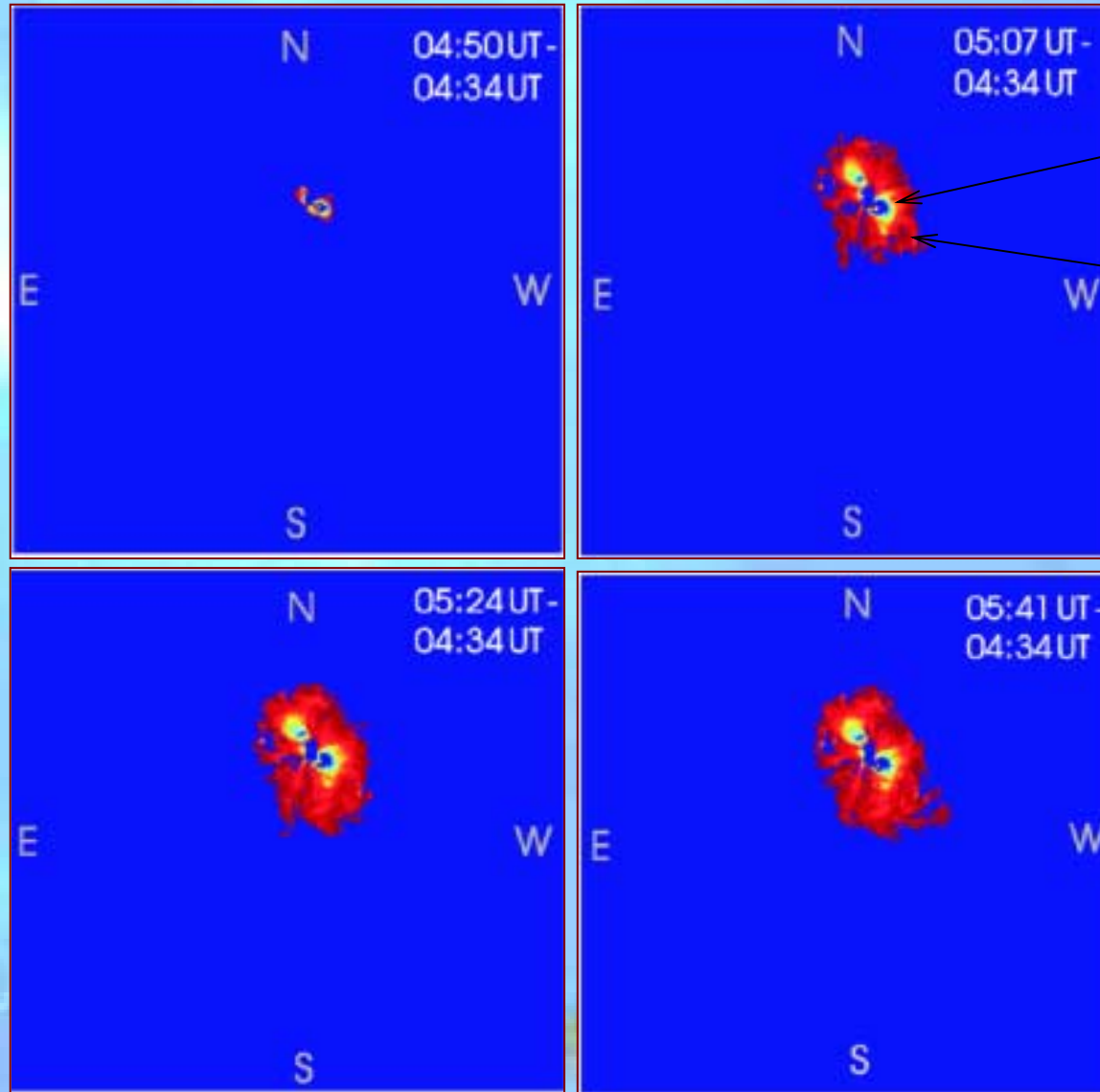


Example 1: (1/2)
quiet sun, simple
magnetic structure

DIMMING EXTRACTION

Final Dimming

EIT Wave 12 May 1997 (1/2)



deep dimming

week grown
dimming

Dimming area decreases next 20h like $x^2 \sim t$

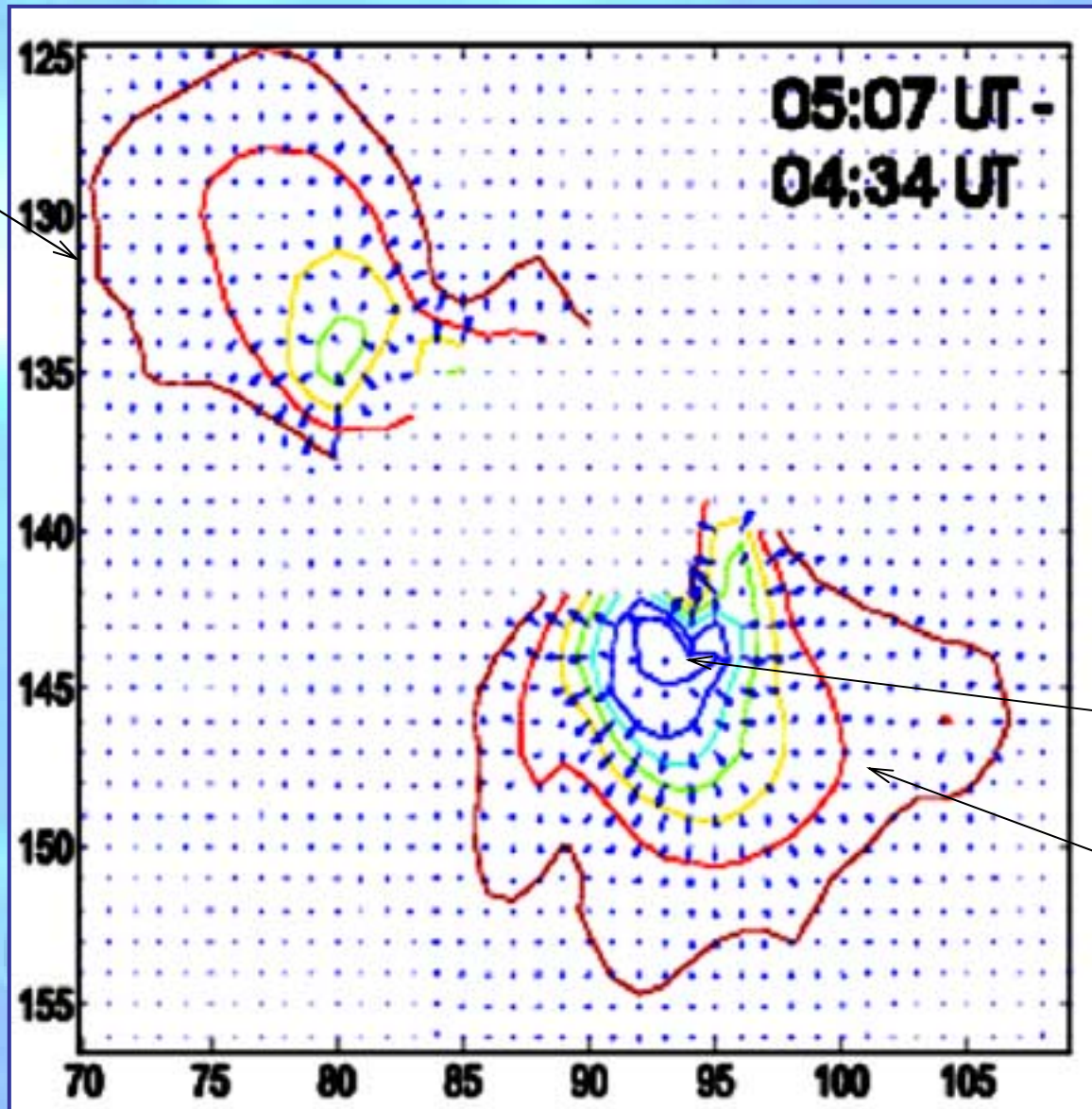
Example 1: (2/2)
quiet sun, simple
magnetic structure

Dimming Structure

EIT Wave 12 May 1997 (2/2)



Intensity
isolines



deep dimming

week grown
dimming

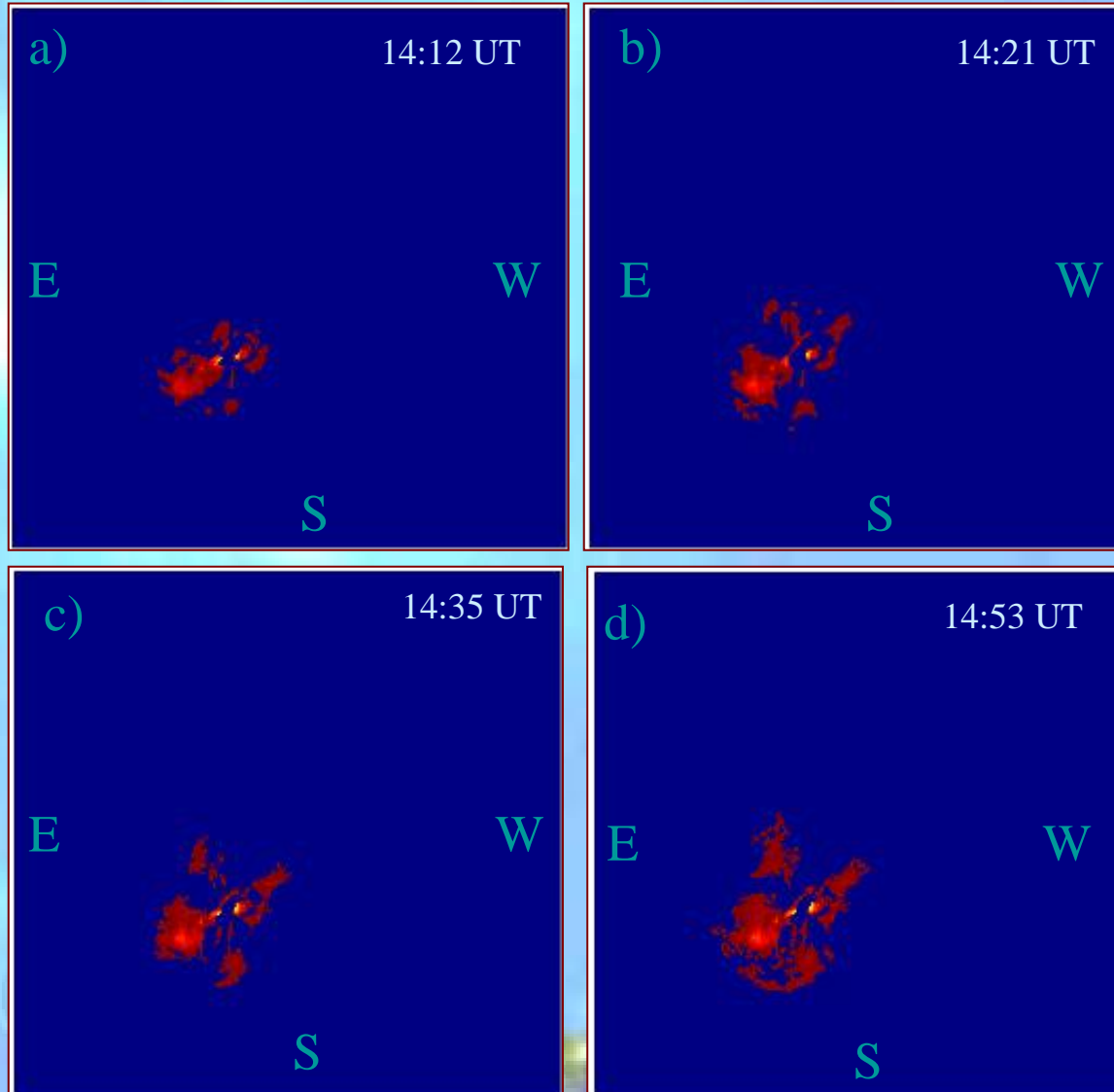
Arrows show
direction of
intensity gradient

Example 2:
quiet sun, complex
magnetic structure

DIMMING EXTRACTION

Final Dimming

EIT Wave 7 April 1997, long duration event



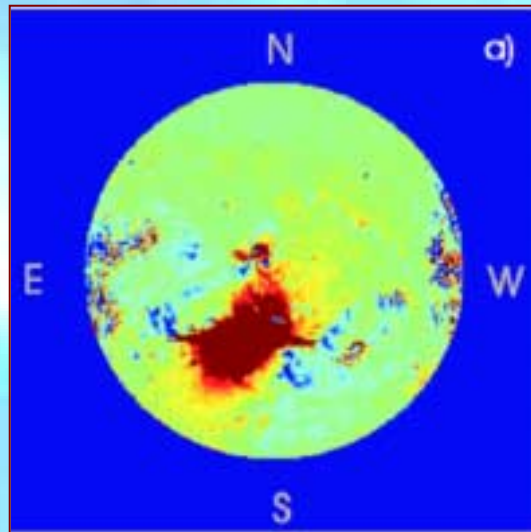
Dimming area increases next 5h like $x \sim t$

Example 3:
active sun, complex
magnetic structure

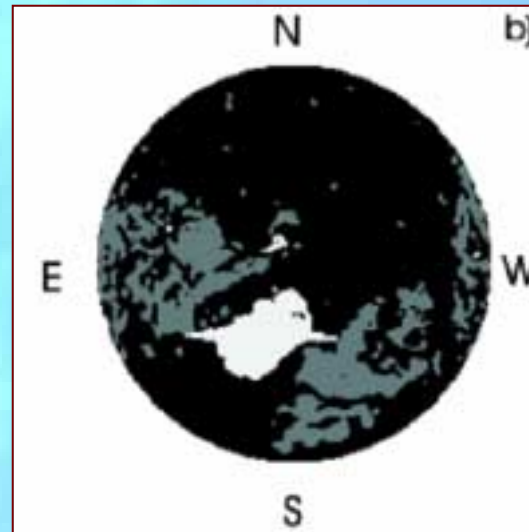
Final Dimming

The X-flare and CME of 28 October 2003 at 15:50 UT
no EIT wave

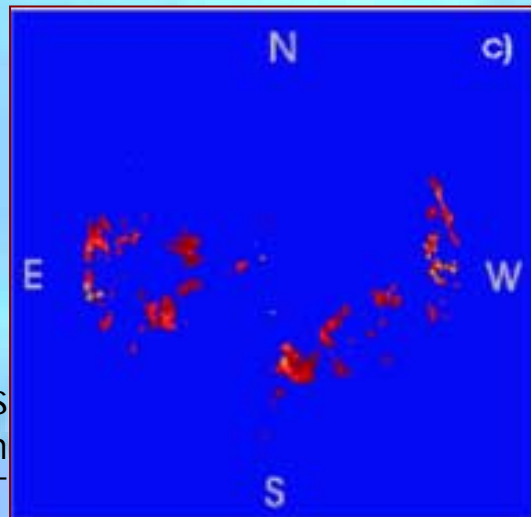
Flare
Difference image



Flare, diminish regions.
Preliminary filtration



All dimmings
appeared on the Sun
at 15:50 UT



Compact
dimming =
no EIT wave

Extracted dimming
produced by the eruption



Growth technique is finalized. Its efficiency does not depend on solar conditions



III
EIT WAVE Extraction

Algorithms based on the principles:

• **A priori**: EIT waves properties may have quasicircular properties:

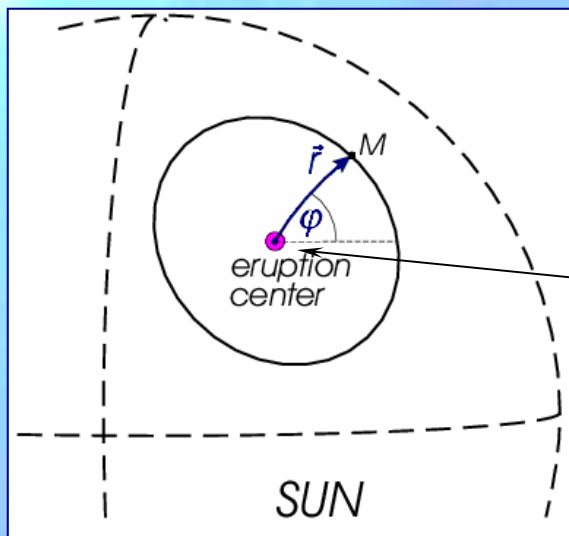
- ✘ Spherical symmetry around eruption center (free propagation on quiet sun)
- ✘ Nonsymmetrical (active sun, complex magnetic structure)

• EIT wave quantities will depend explicitly on:

- ✘ Distance from eruption center, i.e. length of r (defined on sphere)
- ✘ Direction of radius-vector φ

• **Special polar coordinate system:**

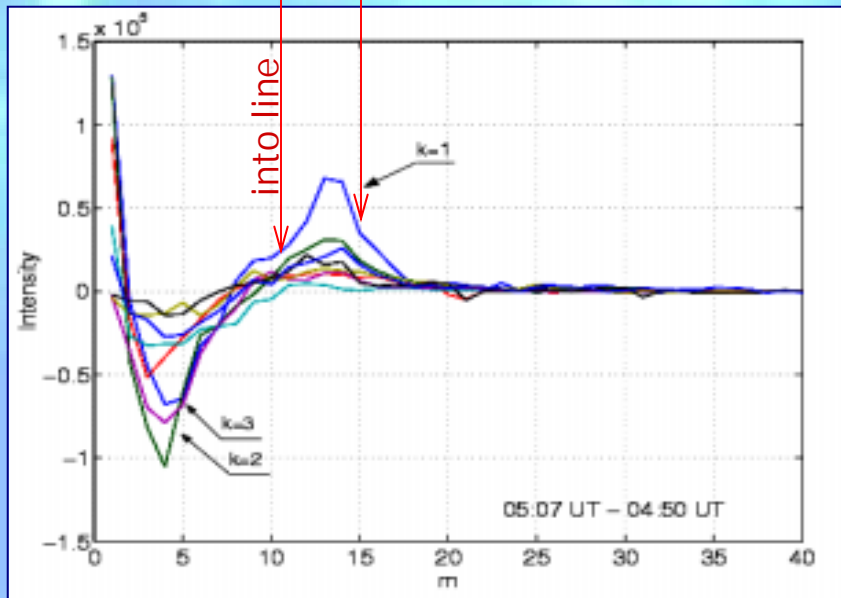
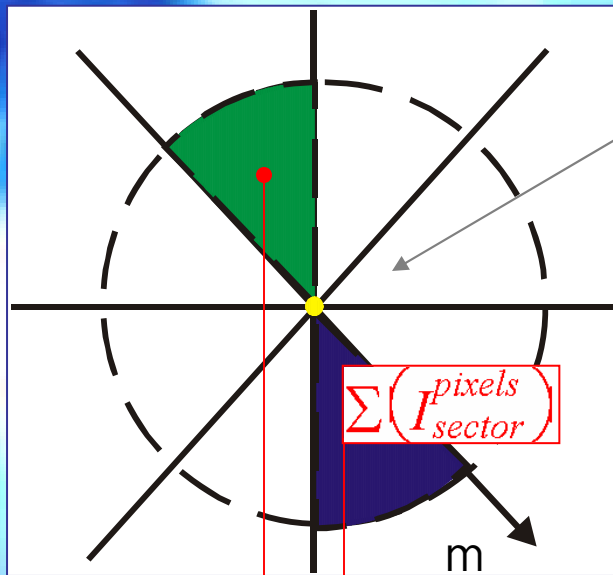
- ✘ Center: **eruption center**.
- ✘ **Radius vector** on sphere.



- ✘ **1st step:**
Definition of eruption center (most intensive area)

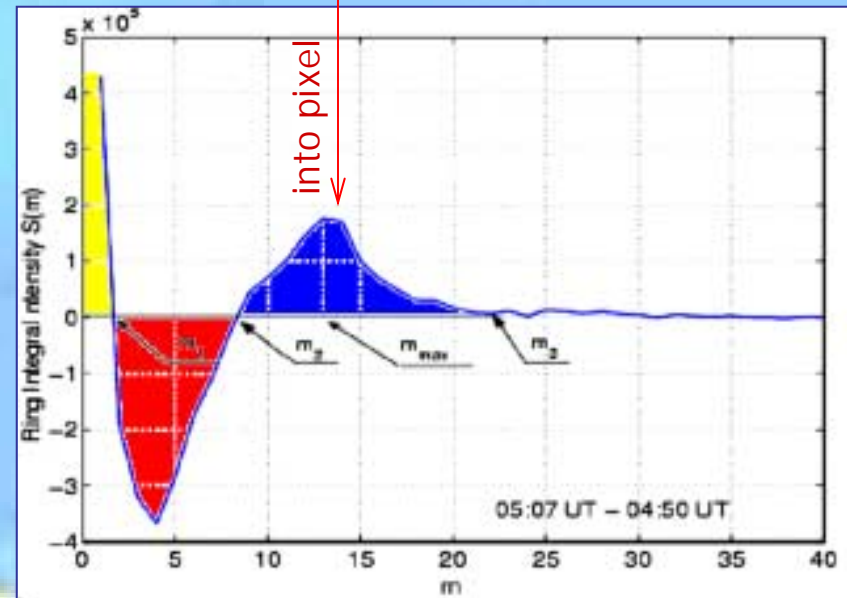
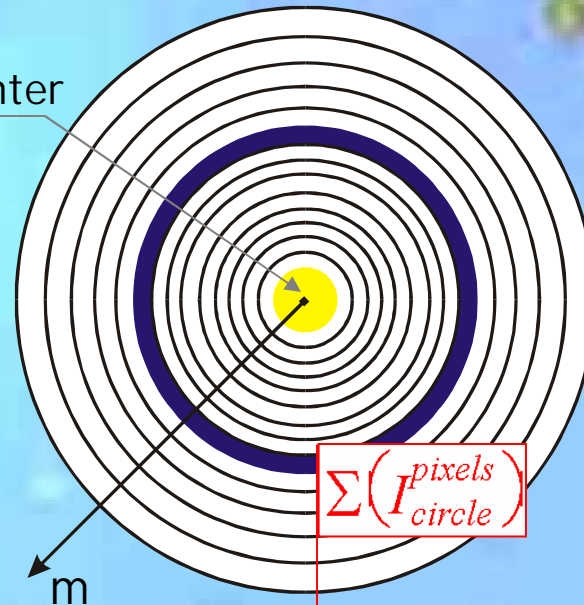
• **A posteriori**: All complex EIT waves found to be well described in polar coordinates

Angular-Ring Analysis



Ring Analysis

FRONT EXTRACTION



✘ Synchronous propagation of the peak in sectors

Extraction techniques

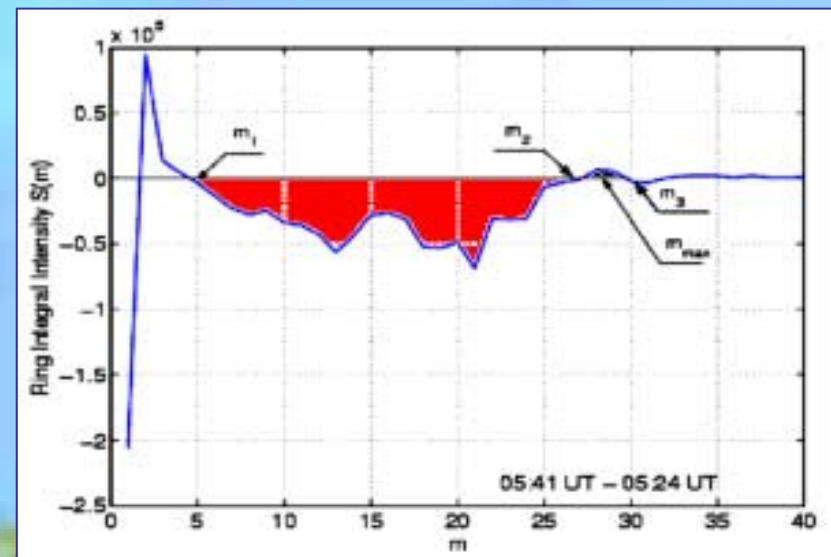
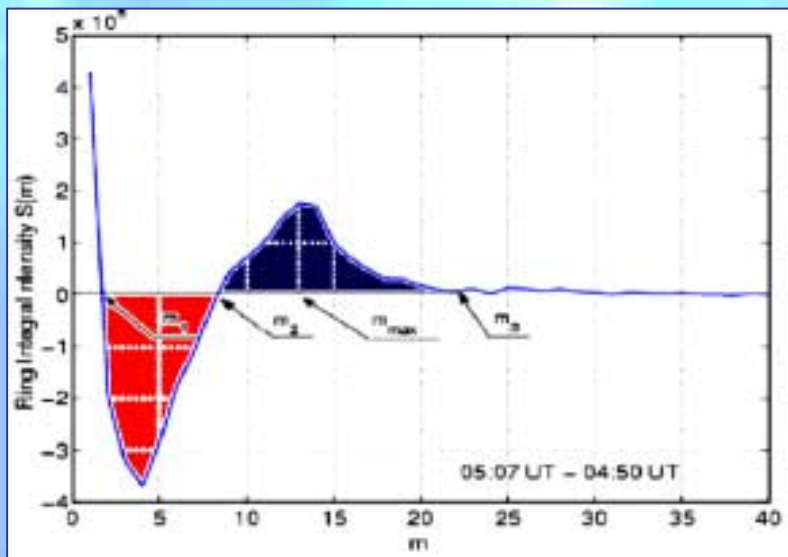
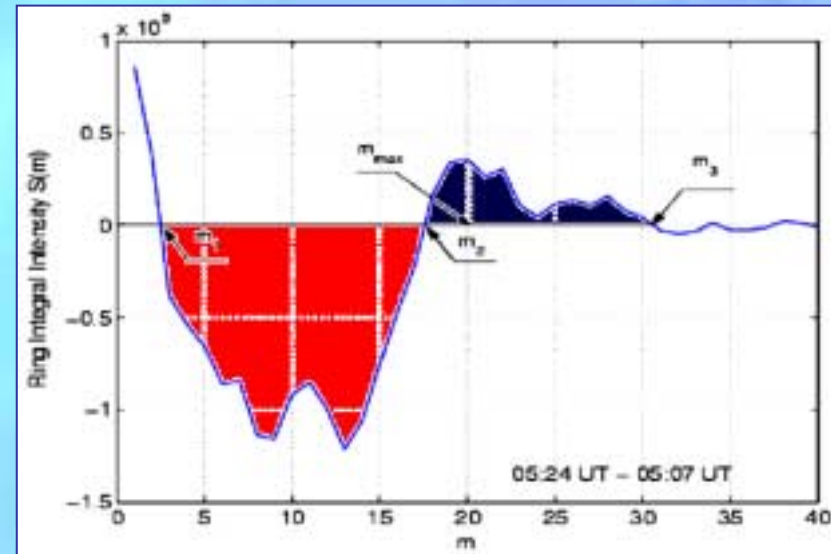
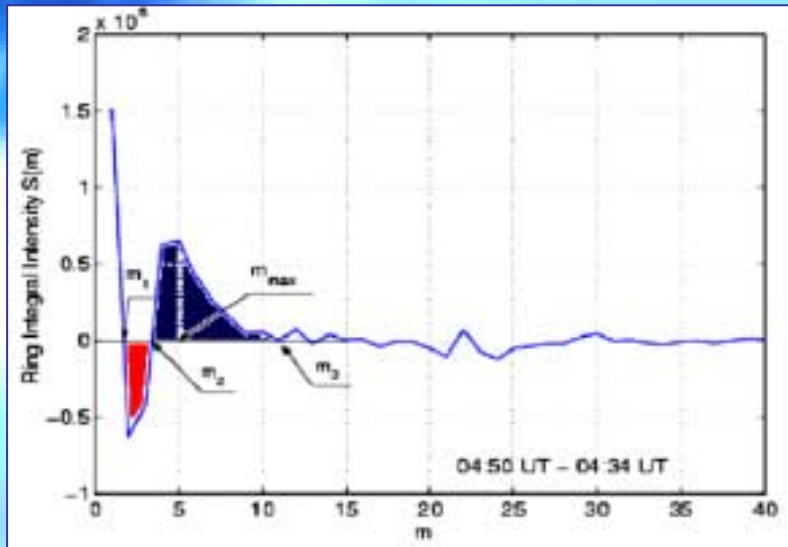
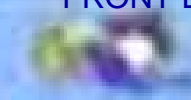
✘ Ring integral intensity

Example 1: (1/4)
simple magnetic structure,
free front propagation

Extracted Front Evolution

FRONT EXTRACTION

EIT Wave 12 May 1997(1/4)



• Peak propagation used for automatic definition of radial velocity

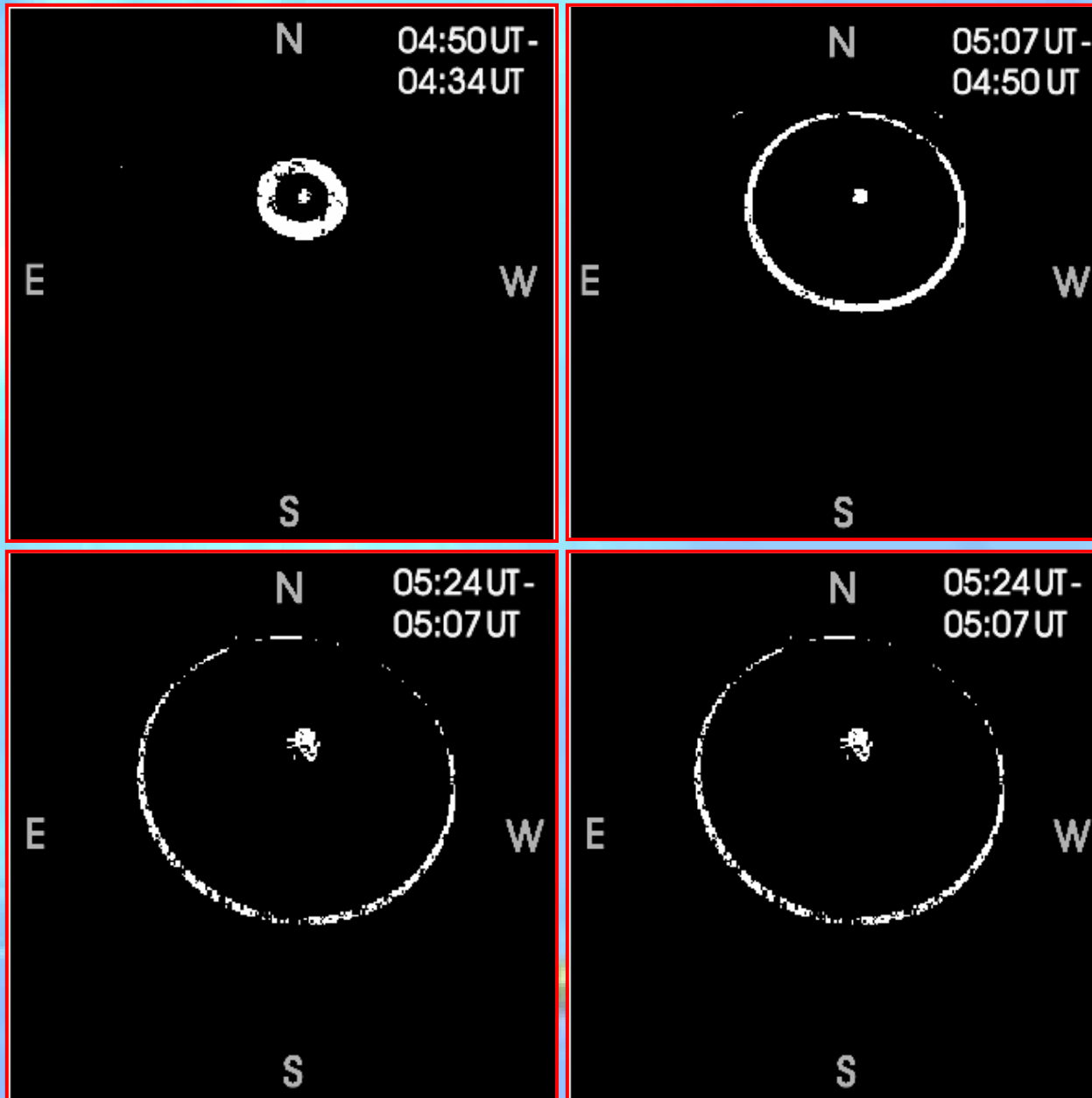
Example 1: (2/4)

simple magnetic structure,
free front propagation

Intensity Peak Evolution

EIT Wave 12 May 1997(2/4)

FRONT EXTRACTION

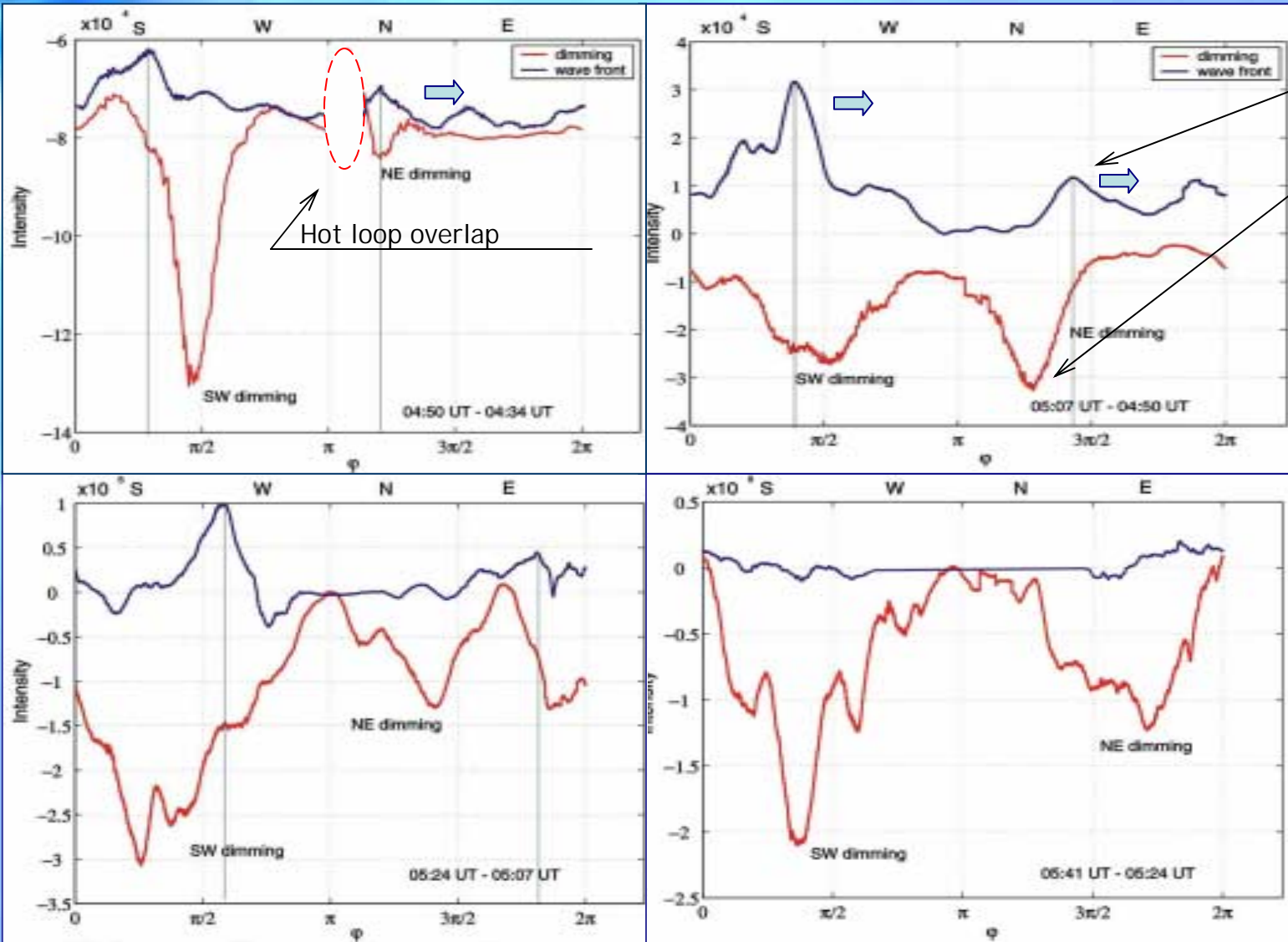


Ring analysis

Example 1: (3/4)
 simple magnetic structure,
 free front propagation

Angular 3D Structure of EIT wave

EIT Wave 12 May 1997 (3/4)

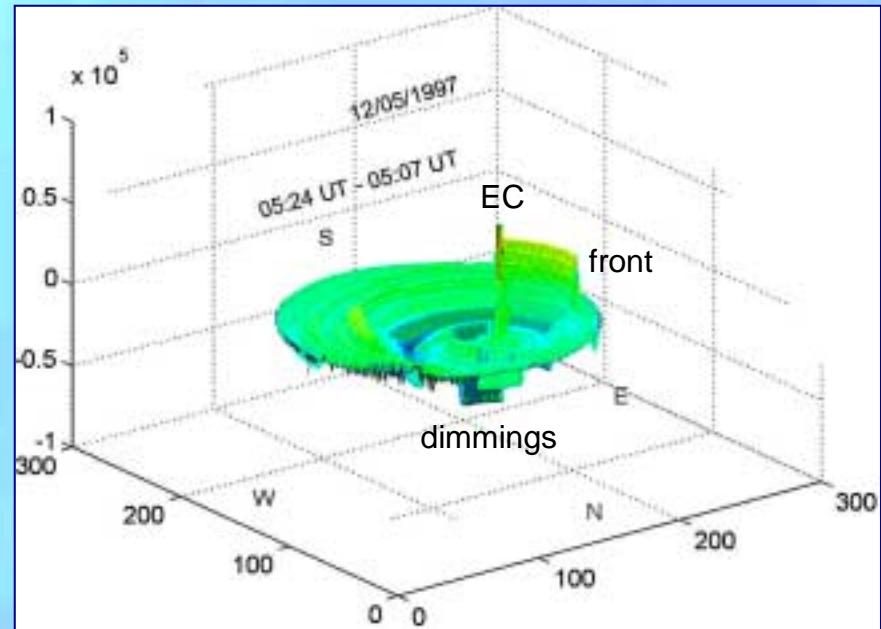
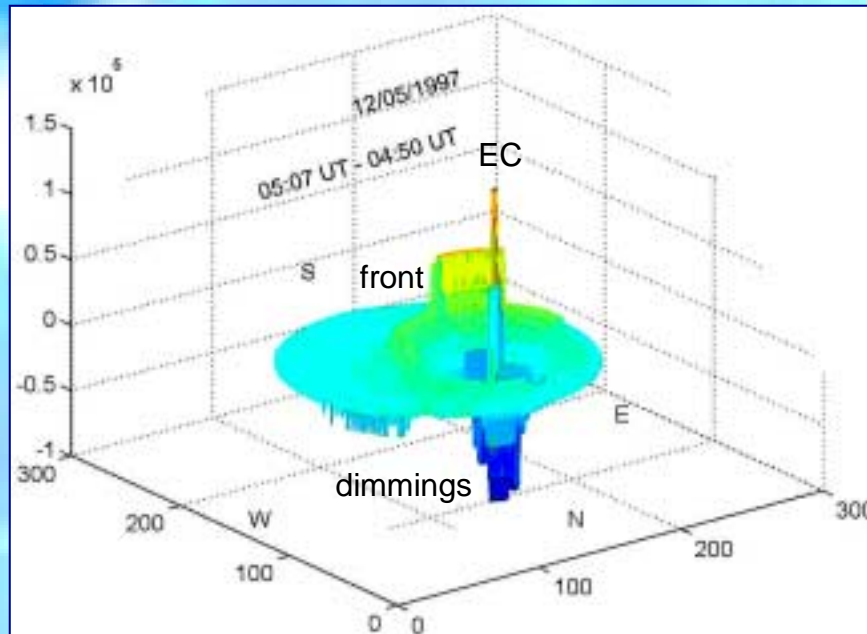


✘ Rotation of fronts !

✘ Morphological similarities between fronts and dimmings!

Angular 3D Structure of EIT wave

EIT Wave 12 May 1997 (4/4)

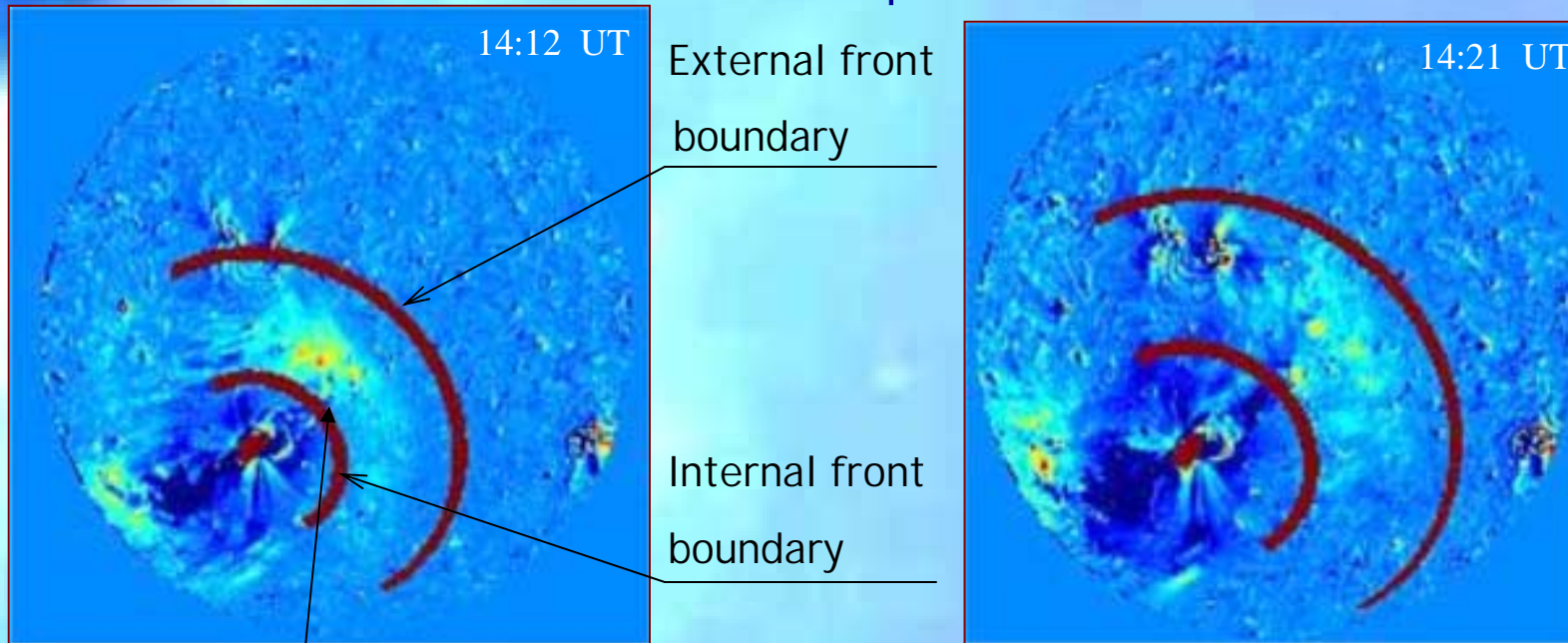


- Under condition of free propagation rotation of EIT wave fronts observed regulary

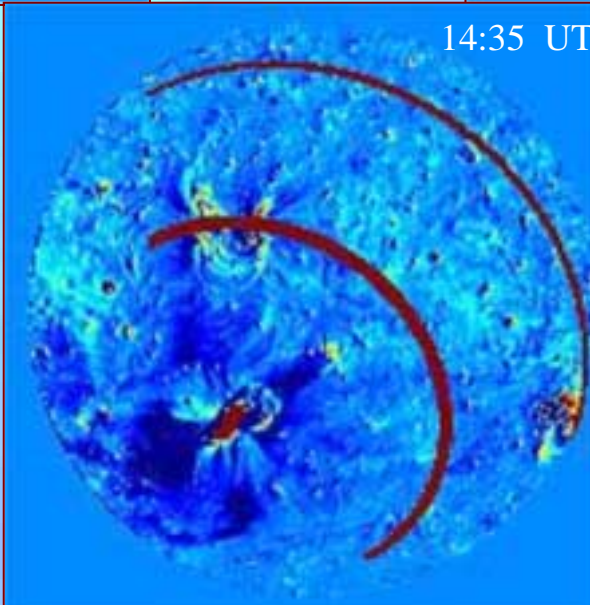
Example 2:
complex magnetic
structure, restricted front
propagation

Extracted EIT Wave Front

EIT Wave 7 April 1997



EUV microflare



x Trigger of microflare by the passage of EIT wave front (statistics in Biesecker & Thompson, APJ 2002)

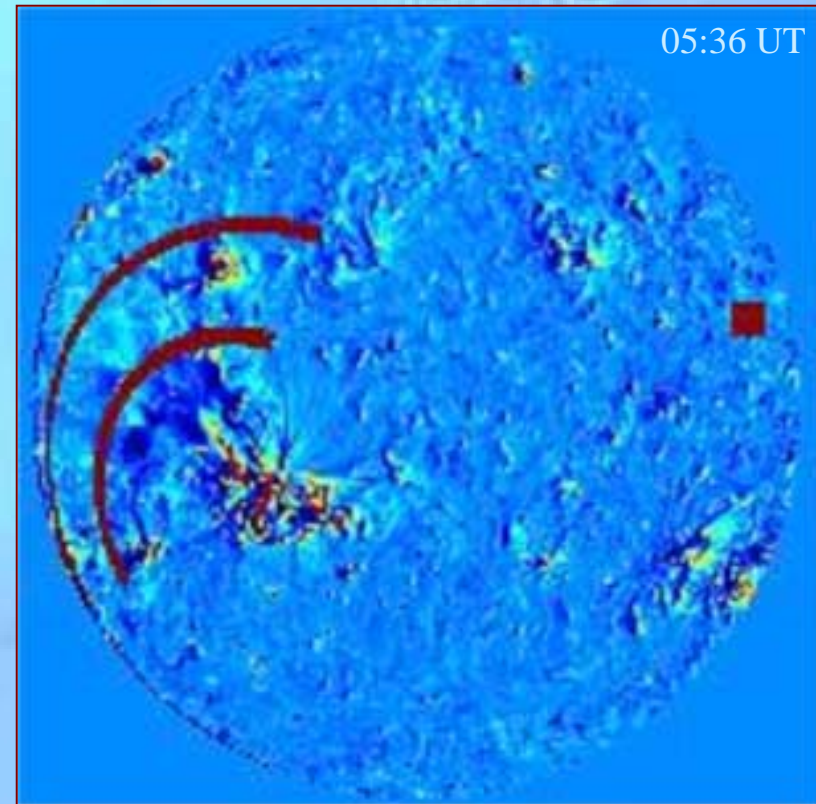
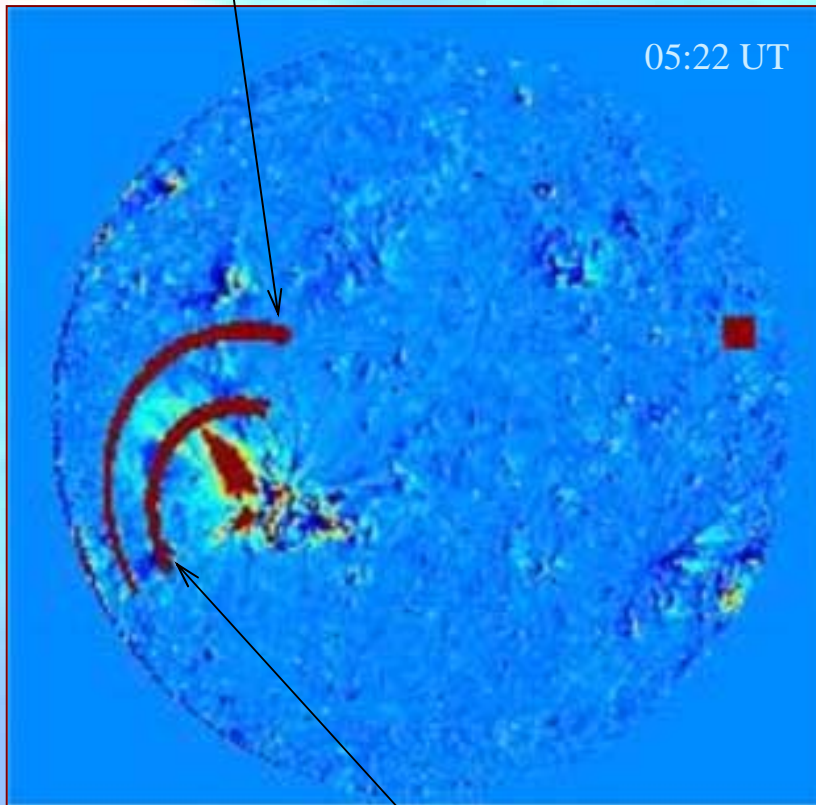
Example 3:
complex magnetic
structure, restricted front
propagation

FRONT EXTRACTION

Extracted EIT Wave Front

EIT Wave 29 April 1997

External front
boundary



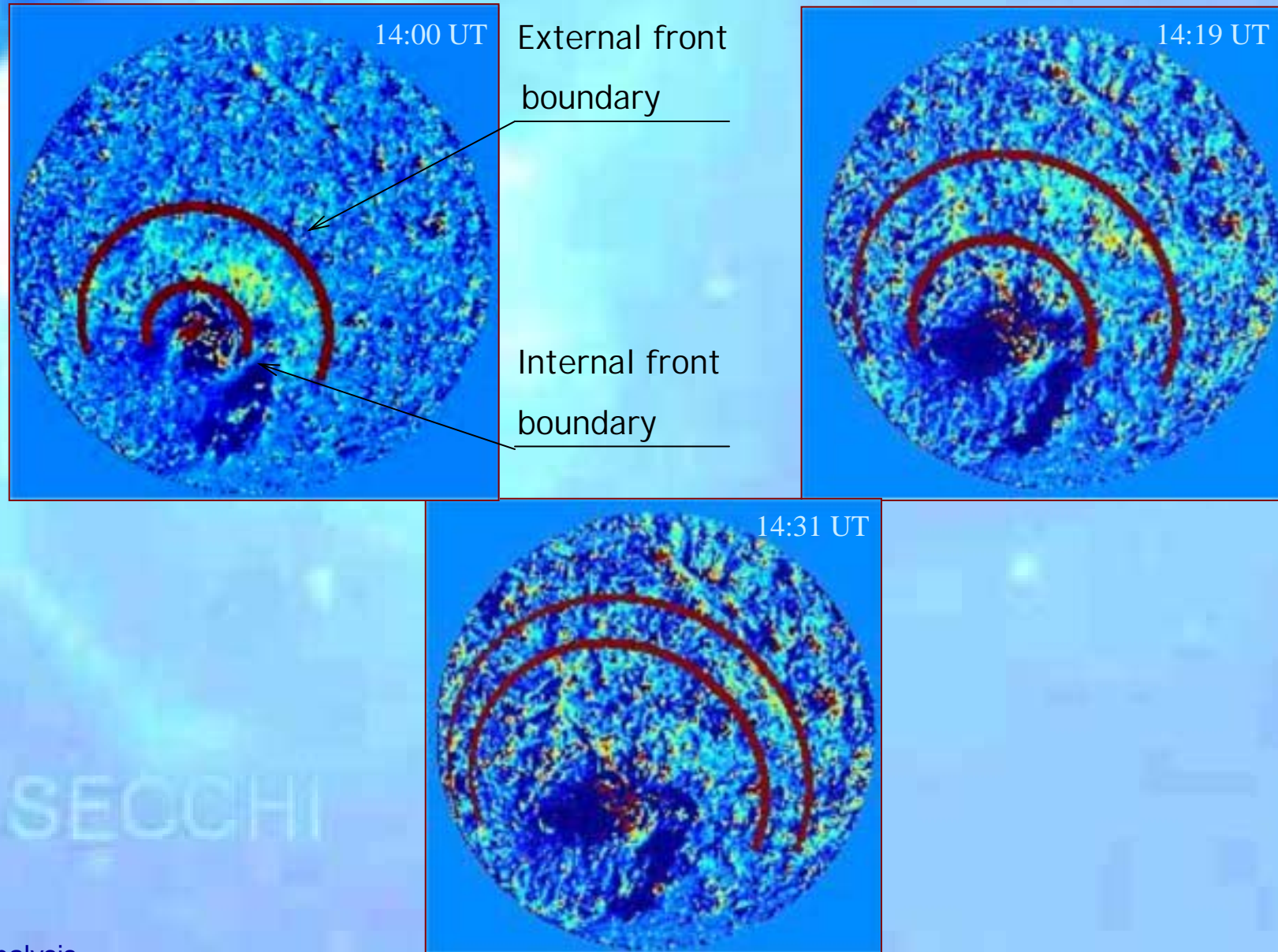
Internal front
boundary

Example 4: (1/2)
complex magnetic
structure, restricted front
propagation

FRONT EXTRACTION

Extracted EIT Wave Front

EIT Wave 1 April 1997

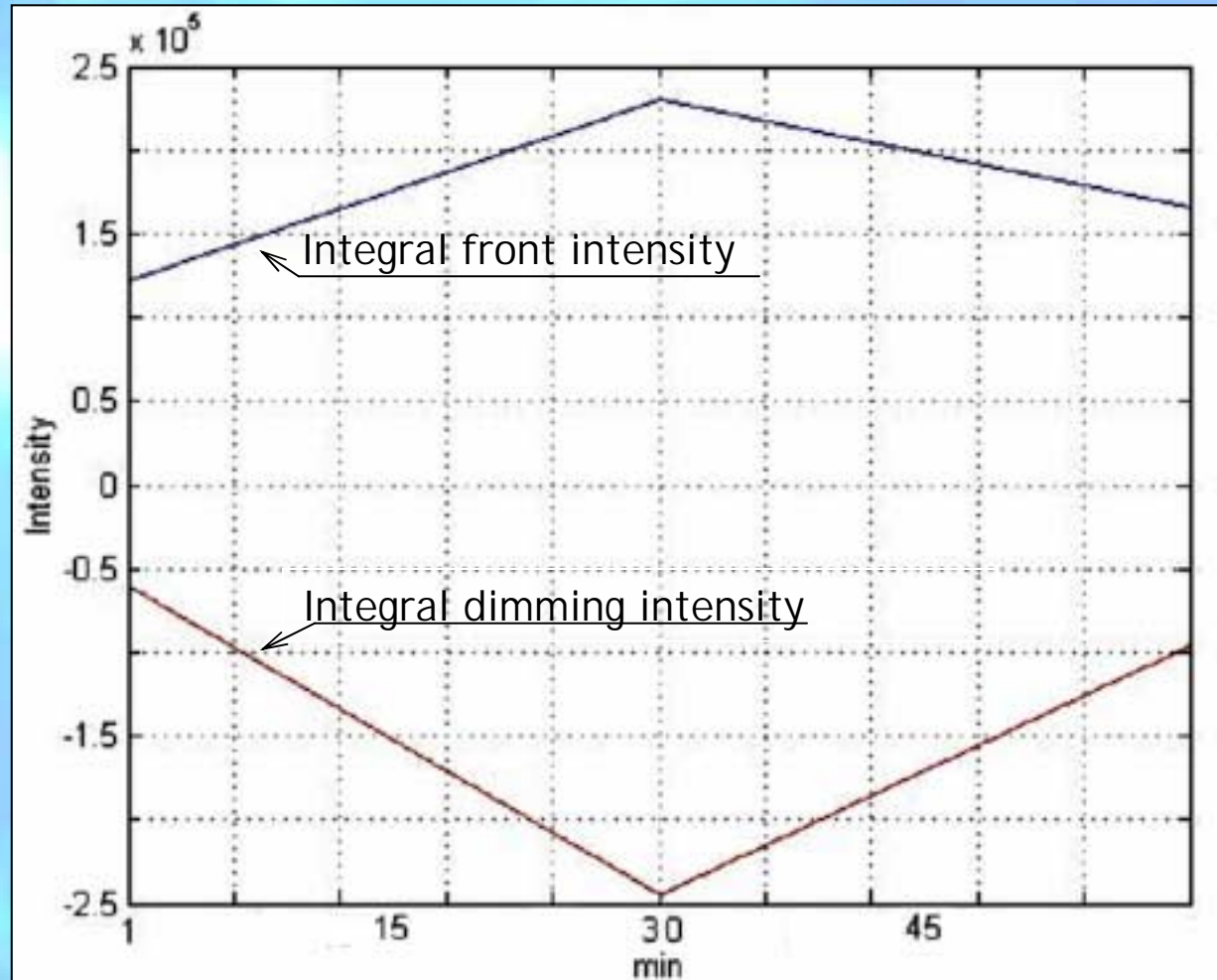


SECCHI

Dimmings and EIT front Integral Intensities

EIT Wave 1 April 1997

Example 4: (2/2)
complex magnetic
structure, restricted
front propagation



- Integral intensity of propagating front grows in time (30 mn) symmetrically with respect decrease of integral dimming intensity - regular peculiarity.

Conclusions

- **EIT Wave and Dimming DETECTOR** consists of 4 packages:
 - ✗ HIGHER ORDER MOMENT - event occurrence
 - ✗ GROWTH technique of intensive dimming
 - ✗ RING-ANALYSIS for front extraction
 - ✗ ANGULAR-RING technique, for front structure analysis
- **Detector allows to create SECHHI EIT wave catalog**
- **Provides insight into the physics of EIT waves**
 - ✗ Podladchikova & Berghmans Sol.Phys, 2005.
- **Current stage of the project**
 - ✗ Numerical analysis and classification of complex events
 - ✗ Testing of detection with EIT 195 Å data.

See also: Delouille et al., Sol.Phys 2005 for wavelet analysis of EIT waves.

Plan of future SECHHI EUV Wave catalog

● EIT waves

- ✘ Time and date
- ✘ Location of front
- ✘ Radial front velocity
- ✘ Angular front velocity (optionally)
- ✘ Front Integral intensity evolution
- ✘ Other? Please, send suggestions to olenapo@oma.be, david.berghmans@oma.be

● Dimmings

- ✘ Time and date
- ✘ Location of dimming
- ✘ 3D structure of dimming (optionally)
- ✘ Area of dimming
- ✘ Dimming Integral intensity evolution

Unexpected results

- **MORPHOLOGICAL IDENTITIES** between fronts and dimming structures
- **Regular ROTATION** of EIT waves fronts under free **propagation** (together with B. Thompson).
 - ✗ Sense of rotation is different in the two solar hemispheres
- **Energy supply** to EIT wave fronts comes from dimmings
 - ✗ EIT waves have properties reminiscent of **SELF-SIMILAR MODES** propagating in the corona.